


Geo (proximity) Search with MySQL

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Why Geo Search?

- Stores: find locations new you
- Social networks: find friends close to you
- Online maps: find points of interest near your position
- Online newspapers/yellow pages: find show times next to you home.

POI Search Example








 What e.g., "pizza"
 Where e.g., "poughkeepsie"

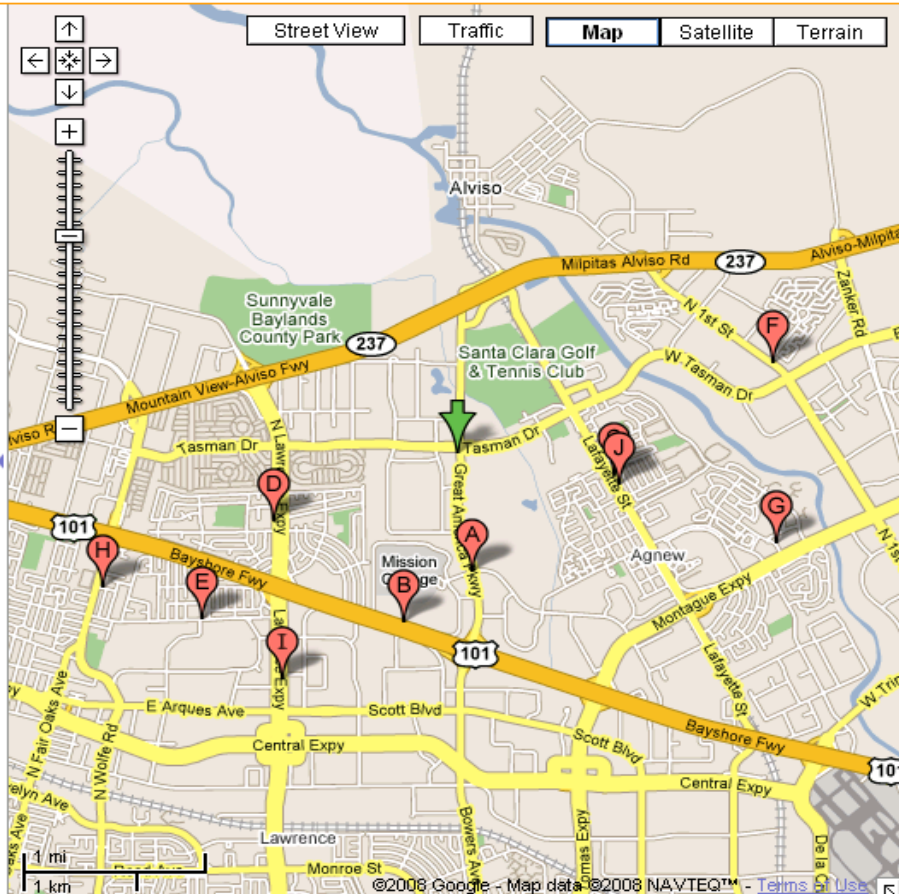
[Search the map](#)
[Find businesses](#)
[Get directions](#)

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[Text View](#)
[Map View](#)

Refine by: [Distance](#) | [Cuisine](#) | [User Rating](#)
 Results 1-10 of about 8,690 for **pizza** near **5001 Great America Pkwy, Santa Clara, CA 95054**
 Categories: [Pizza Restaurants](#), [Pizza Restaurants Round Table](#)

- 
[Round Table Pizza: Santa Clara](#)
 4300 Great America Pkwy #0608, Santa Clara, CA
 (408) 970-9000 - [1 review](#) - 0.7 mi S
- 
[Tomatina](#)
 3127 Mission College Blvd, Santa Clara, CA
 (408) 654-9000 - ★★★★★ - 1.1 mi S
 Category: Pizza
- 
[Little Caesars Pizza](#)
 4767 Lafayette St, Santa Clara, CA
 (408) 496-1893 - 0.9 mi E
- 
[Giovanni's Pizzeria](#)
 1127 N Lawrence Expy, Sunnyvale, CA
 (408) 734-4221 - ★★★★★ - 1.1 mi W
 Category: Pizza
- 
[Pizza Depot](#)
 919 E Duane Ave, Sunnyvale, CA
 (408) 245-7760 - [6 reviews](#) - 1.7 mi SW
- 
[Round Table Pizza: San Jose](#)
 3730 N 1st St, San Jose, CA
 (408) 321-9922 - 1.8 mi E



Street View Traffic **Map** Satellite Terrain

©2006 Google - Map data ©2006 NAVTEQ™ - [Terms](#) [Usage](#)

Common Task

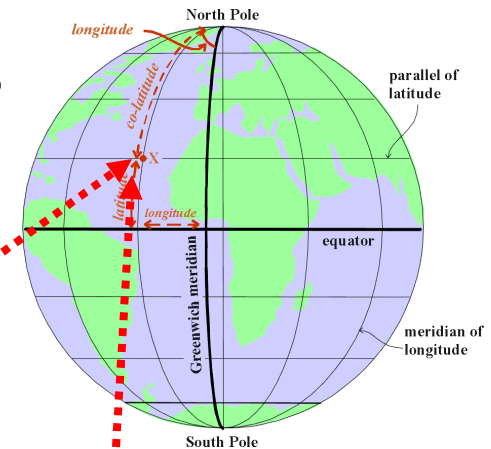
- Task: Find 10 nearby hotels *and sort by distance*

- What do we have:

- Given point on Earth: Latitude, Longitude

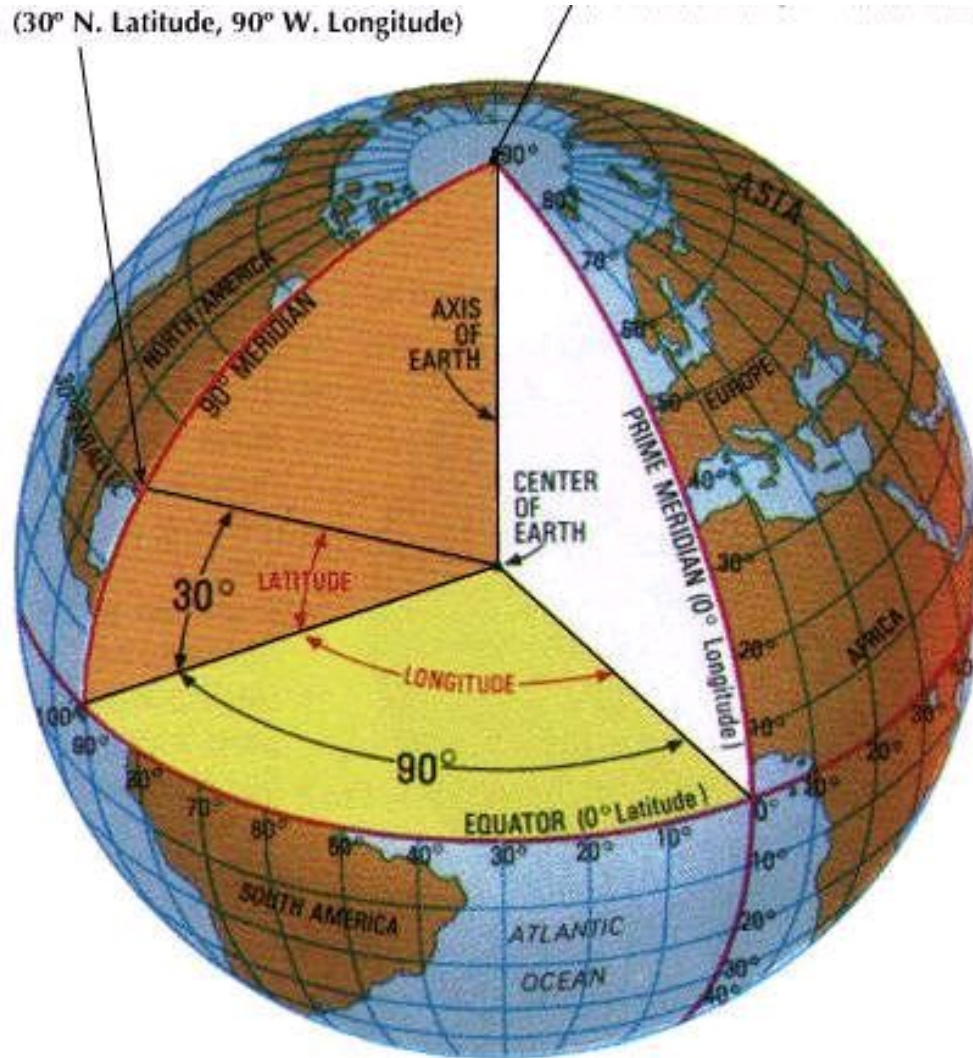
- Hotels table:

Hotel Name	Latitude	Longitude
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- **Question: How to calculate distance between us and hotel?**

Latitudes and Longitudes



Distance between 2 points The Haversine Formula

For two points on a sphere (of radius R) with latitudes ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 , latitude separation $\Delta\phi = \phi_1 - \phi_2$, and longitude separation $\Delta\lambda$ the distance d between the two points:

$$\text{haversion}\left(\frac{d}{R}\right) = \text{haversion}(\Delta\phi) + \cos(\phi_1) \cos(\phi_2) \text{haversion}(\Delta\lambda)$$

$$\text{haversion}(\theta) = \frac{\text{versin}(\theta)}{2} = \sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{versin}(\theta) = 1 - \cos(\theta) = 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

The Haversine Formula in MySQL

$R = \text{earth's radius}$

$\Delta\text{lat} = \text{lat2} - \text{lat1}; \Delta\text{long} = \text{long2} - \text{long1}$

$a = \sin^2(\Delta\text{lat}/2) + \cos(\text{lat1}) * \cos(\text{lat2}) * \sin^2(\Delta\text{long}/2)$

$c = 2 * \text{atan2}(\sqrt{a}, \sqrt{1-a}); d = R * c$

angles need to be in radians

3956 * 2 * ASIN (SQRT (
POWER(SIN((orig.lat - dest.lat)*pi()/180 / 2),
2) + COS(orig.lat * pi()/180) * COS(dest.lat *
pi()/180) * POWER(SIN((orig.lon - dest.lon) *
pi()/180 / 2), 2))) as distance

MySQL Query: Find Nearby Hotels

```
set @orig_lat=121.9763; set @orig_lon=37.40445;
set @dist=10;
```

Lat can be negative!

```
SELECT *, 3956 * 2 * ASIN(SQRT(
POWER(SIN((@orig_lat - abs(dest.lat)) * pi()/180 / 2),
2) + COS(@orig_lat * pi()/180 ) * COS(abs(dest.lat) *
pi()/180) * POWER(SIN((@orig_lon - dest.lon) *
pi()/180 / 2), 2) )) as distance
FROM hotels dest
having distance < @dist
ORDER BY distance limit 10\G
```


Find Nearby Hotels: Results

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| hotel_name      | lat    | lon    | dist    |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Hotel Astori..  | 122.41 | 37.79  | 0.0054  |
| Juliana Hote..  | 122.41 | 37.79  | 0.0069  |
| Orchard Gard..  | 122.41 | 37.79  | 0.0345  |
| Orchard Gard..  | 122.41 | 37.79  | 0.0345  |
...
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (4.10 sec)

```

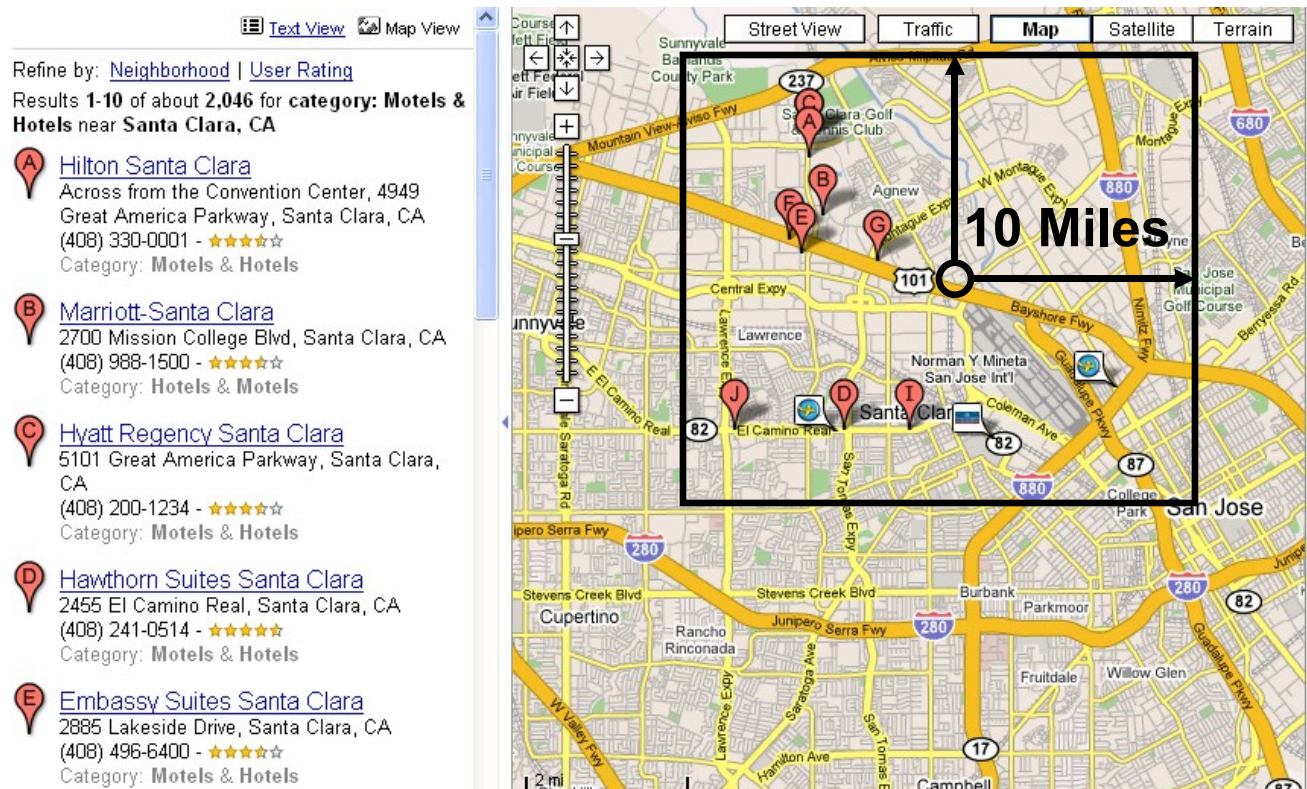
- 4 seconds - very slow for web query!

MySQL Explain query

```
Mysql> Explain ...  
select_type: SIMPLE  
      table: dest  
      type: ALL  
possible_keys: NULL  
      key: NULL  
key_len: NULL  
      ref: NULL  
      rows: 1787219  
      Extra: Using filesort  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

How to speed up the query

- We only need hotels in 10 miles radius
 - no need to scan the whole table



Text View Map View

Refine by: [Neighborhood](#) | [User Rating](#)

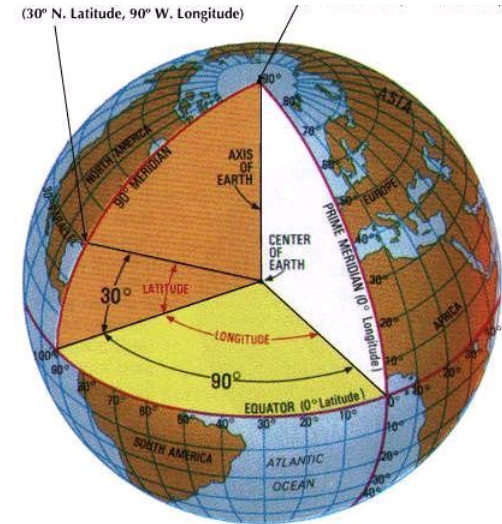
Results 1-10 of about 2,046 for category: **Motels & Hotels** near **Santa Clara, CA**

- A** [Hilton Santa Clara](#)
Across from the Convention Center, 4949 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA (408) 330-0001 - ★★★★★
Category: **Motels & Hotels**
- B** [Marriott-Santa Clara](#)
2700 Mission College Blvd, Santa Clara, CA (408) 988-1500 - ★★★★★
Category: **Hotels & Motels**
- C** [Hyatt Regency Santa Clara](#)
5101 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA (408) 200-1234 - ★★★★★
Category: **Motels & Hotels**
- D** [Hawthorn Suites Santa Clara](#)
2455 El Camino Real, Santa Clara, CA (408) 241-0514 - ★★★★★
Category: **Motels & Hotels**
- E** [Embassy Suites Santa Clara](#)
2885 Lakeside Drive, Santa Clara, CA (408) 496-6400 - ★★★★★
Category: **Motels & Hotels**

How to calculate needed coordinates

- 1° of latitude \approx 69 miles
- 1° of longitude \approx $\cos(\text{latitude}) * 69$
- To calculate lon and lat for the rectangle:

```
set lon1 = mylon -  
dist/abs(cos(radians(mylat)) * 69) ;  
set lon2 = mylon  
+dist/abs(cos(radians(mylat)) * 69) ;  
set lat1 = mylat - (dist/69) ;  
set lat2 = mylat + (dist/69) ;
```



Modify the query

```

SELECT destination.*,
3956 * 2 * ASIN(SQRT( POWER(SIN((orig.lat - dest.lat) *
pi()/180 / 2), 2) +
COS(orig.lat * pi()/180) * COS(dest.lat * pi()/180) *
POWER(SIN((orig.lon -dest.lon) * pi()/180 / 2), 2) )) as
distance
FROM users destination, users origin
WHERE origin.id=userid
and destination.longitude
between lon1 and lon2
and destination.latitude
between lat1 and lat2

```

Speed comparison

- Test data: Users and coordinates
 - (id, username, lat, lon)
- Original query (full table scan):
 - 8 seconds
- Optimized query (stored procedure):
 - 0.06 to 1.2 seconds (depending upon the number of records in the given radius)

Stored procedure

```
CREATE PROCEDURE geodist (IN userid int, IN dist int)
  BEGIN
  declare mylon double; declare mylat double;
  declare lon1 float; declare lon2 float;
  declare lat1 float; declare lat2 float;

  -- get the original lon and lat for the userid
  select longitude, latitude into mylon, mylat from users
  where id=userid limit 1;

  -- calculate lon and lat for the rectangle:
  set lon1 = mylon-dist/abs(cos(radians(mylat))*69);
  set lon2 = mylon+dist/abs(cos(radians(mylat))*69);
  set lat1 = mylat-(dist/69); set lat2 = mylat+(dist/69);
```


Stored Procedure, Contd

-- run the query:

```
SELECT destination.*,  
3956 * 2 * ASIN(SQRT( POWER(SIN((orig.lat - dest.lat)  
* pi()/180 / 2), 2) +  
COS(orig.lat * pi()/180) * COS(dest.lat * pi()/180) *  
POWER(SIN((orig.lon -dest.lon) * pi()/180 / 2), 2) )) as  
distance FROM users destination, users origin  
WHERE origin.id=userid  
and destination.longitude between lon1 and lon2  
and destination.latitude between lat1 and lat2  
having distance < dist ORDER BY Distance limit 10;  
END $$
```

Stored Procedure: Explain Plan

```
Mysql>CALL geodist(946842, 10) \G
```

table: origin

type: const

key: PRIMARY

key_len: 4

ref: const

rows: 1, Extra: Using filesort

table: destination

type: range

key: lat_lon

key_len: 18

ref: NULL

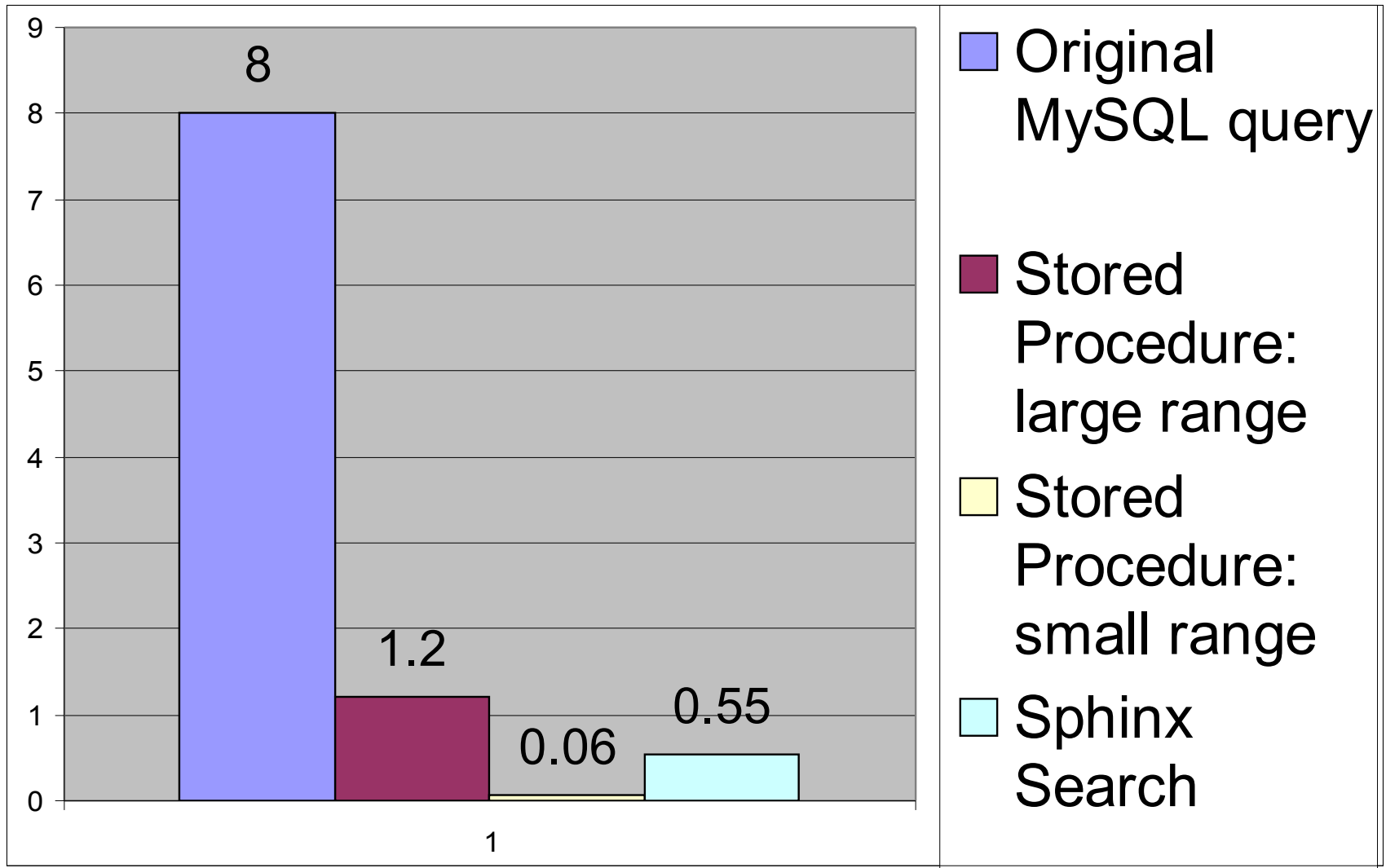
rows: 25877, Extra: Using where

Geo Search with Sphinx

- Sphinx search (www.sphinxsearch.com) since 0.9.8 can perform geo distance searches
- It is possible to setup an "anchor point" in the api code and then use the "geodist" function and specify the radius.
- Sphinx Search returns in 0.55 seconds for test data regardless of the radius and zip

```
$ php test.php -i zipdist -s  
@geodist,asc Query ' ' retrieved  
1000 matches in 0.552 sec.
```

Speed comparison of all solutions



Different Type of Coordinates

- **Decimal Degrees (what we used)**
 - 37.3248 LAT, 121.9163 LON
- **Degrees-minutes-second (used in most GPSes)**
 - 37°19'29"N LAT, 121°54'59"E LON
- **Most GPSes can be configured to use Decimal Degrees**
- **Other**

Converting between coordinates

- **Degrees-Minutes-Seconds to Decimal Degrees:**
 - $\text{degrees} + (\text{minutes}/60) + (\text{seconds}/3600)$

```
CREATE FUNCTION `convert_from_dms`  
(degrees INT, minutes int, seconds int)  
RETURNS double DETERMINISTIC  
BEGIN  
RETURN degrees + (minutes/60) + (seconds/  
3600) ;  
END $$  
  
mysql>select convert_from_dms (46, 20,  
10) as DMS\G  
  
dms: 46.33611111
```

Geo Search with Full Text search

- Sometimes we need BOTH geo search and full text search
- Example 1: find 10 nearest POIs, with “school” in the name
- Example 2: find nearest streets, name contains “OAK”
- Create FullText index and index on LAT, LON
 - `Alter table geonames add fulltext key (name) ;`
 - MySQL will choose which index to use (boolean mode)

Geo Search with Full Text search: example

- Grab POI data from www.geonames.org, upload it to MySQL, add full text index

```

Mysql> SELECT  destination.*,
3956 * 2 * ASIN(SQRT(POWER(SIN((orig.lat
- dest.lat) * pi()/180 / 2), 2) +
COS(orig.lat * pi()/180) *
COS(dest.lat * pi()/180) *
POWER(SIN((orig.lon -dest.lon) *
pi()/180 / 2), 2)  )) as distance
FROM  geonames destination
WHERE  match(name)
against ('OAK' in boolean mode)
having distance < dist ORDER BY Distance
limit 10;

```

Geo Search with Full Text search: Explain

```
mysql> explain SELECT destination.*,  
3956 * 2 * ASIN(SQRT(POWER(SIN(...
```

table: destination

type: fulltext

possible_keys: name_fulltext

key: name_fulltext

key_len: 0

ref:

rows: 1

Extra: Using where; Using filesort

Using MySQL Spatial Extension

```
CREATE TABLE `zipcode_spatial` (
  `id` int(10) unsigned NOT NULL
    AUTO_INCREMENT,
  `zipcode` char(7) NOT NULL, ...
  `lon` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  `lat` int(11) DEFAULT NULL,
  `loc` point NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`id`),
  KEY `zipcode` (`zipcode`),
  SPATIAL KEY `loc` (`loc`)
) ENGINE=MyISAM;
```

Zipcode with Spatial Extension

```
mysql> select zipcode, lat, lon,  
  AsText(loc) from zipcode_spatial  
where city_name = 'Santa Clara'  
and state = 'CA' limit 1\G
```

```
***** 1. row*****
```

```
  zipcode: 95050
```

```
    lat: 373519
```

```
    lon: 1219520
```

```
AsText(loc) : POINT(1219520 373519)
```

Spatial Search: Distance

Spatial Extension: no built-in distance function

```
CREATE FUNCTION `distance`  
(a POINT, b POINT)  
RETURNS double DETERMINISTIC  
BEGIN  
RETURN round(glength(linestringfromwkb  
(linestring(asbinary(a) ,  
asbinary(b)))));  
END $$
```

(forge.mysql.com/tools/tool.php?id=41)

Spatial Search Example

```
SELECT DISTINCT
  dest.zipcode,
  distance(orig.loc, dest.loc) as sdistance
FROM
  zipcode_spatial orig,
  zipcode_spatial dest
WHERE
  orig.zipcode = '27712'
having sdistance < 10
ORDER BY
  sdistance limit 10;
```